

# By 2030 eThekwini will be Africa's most caring and liveable city



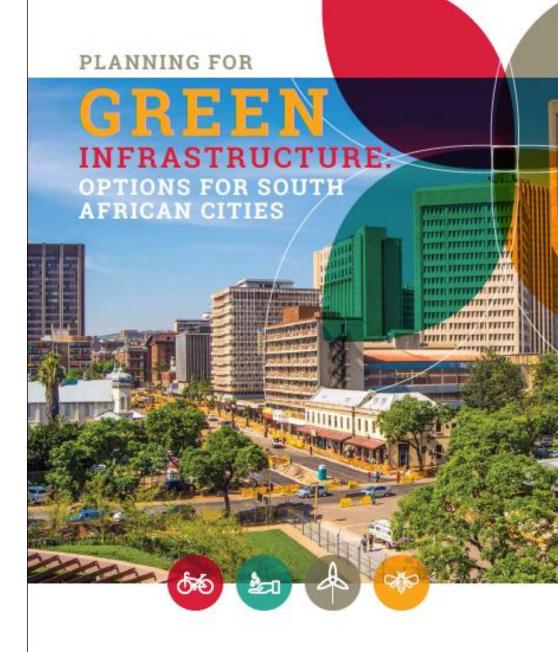
# Urban Trail Networks

Revitalising public open space

Martin Clement | Durban Botanic Gardens | eThekwini Municipality

#### Introduction

- Accessible public greenspace is vital for the resilient future of South African cities.
- Our public green spaces need be better integrated and connected across communities.
- Recent ideas within place-making present opportunities to help revitalise public greenspace.
- Current challenges with public greenspace management:
  - Crime (vandalism, lack of responsible use)
  - Lack of community ownership







#### CONCLUSIONS: PLACING "GREEN-BENEFITS" IN SPATIAL PLANNING TERMS

	Greening approach	Implementation examples
	Protect and plan green networks	<ul> <li>&gt; Provide trees along sidewalks to maximize greening</li> <li>&gt; Convert parking spaces into green land uses, such as outdoor seating spaces or urban gardens.</li> <li>&gt; Clear vacant land parcels to make way for rain gardens and allotment gardens.</li> <li>&gt; Demarcate outdoor retail areas with greening initiatives such as raised beds or pots instead of conventional railings.</li> <li>&gt; Allow space for afforestation and increased green space cover.</li> <li>&gt; Extend tree planting schemes beyond kerbside locations.</li> <li>&gt; Encourage green roofs and green walls within cities.</li> </ul>
و	Improve connectivity between green spaces	<ul> <li>Connectivity should be enhanced by an integrated blue-green network.</li> <li>Improve connectivity by creating common green areas, linked by green corridors, ecological highways and greenways.</li> <li>Establish a street connectivity ordinance that is customized to various local factors, such as topography, natural features, climate and desirable historical precedent.</li> <li>Provide accessible pathways to amenities and consider pedestrian-only streets where appropriate.</li> <li>Implement multi-way boulevards.</li> <li>Allow space for canopy trees, street lighting, bus stops with seating/shelters, and pedestrian refuge.</li> <li>Plan and manage a network of green spaces and geographically formed corridors aimed at conserving ES values and providing benefits to humans.</li> <li>Encourage combined functions within the same space.</li> <li>Encourage stacking of green functions and integration of functions.</li> </ul>

# Human wellbeing and the value of urban parks

Urban parks were originally created so people could escape from the dirty reality of city life. In the 21st Century the best city parks are also multi-use destinations and catalysts for community development.

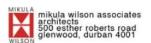
https://www.pps.org/category/parks

...parks fulf[fil] a basic human need for connection to (1) family, loved ones, and friends; (2) community and neighborhood; (3) self; and (4) nature. Based on these data, we proposed a human-centered framework for future research and interventions aimed at catalyzing parks as a vehicle to improve health and wellbeing.

Ewelina M. Swierad\* and Terry T. K. HuangInt An Exploration of Psychosocial Pathways of Parks' Effects on Health: A Qualitative Study

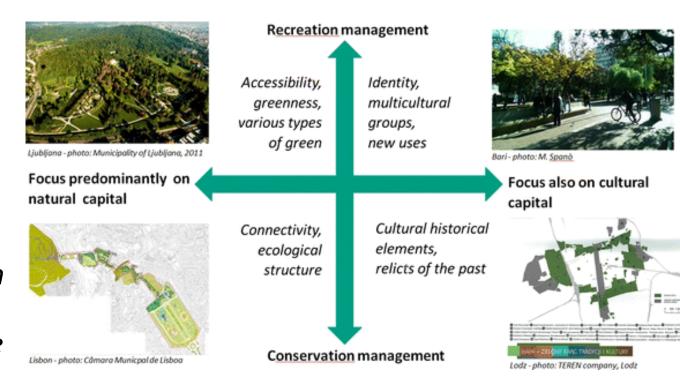
J Environ Res Public Health. 2018 Aug; 15(8): 1693.

LOCATION PLAN



## Biocultural diversity

- Interrelatedness between people and their natural environment,
- local values and practices of relating to biodiversity of different cultural groups starting point for sustainable living with biodiversity.
- **Future societies** will largely diverge from today's societies, the cultural perspective on living with (urban) nature needs careful reconsideration.



Biocultural diversity: A novel concept to assess human-nature interrelations, nature conservation and stewardship in cities H.M.ElandsaK.VierikkobE.AnderssoncL.K.FischerdeP.GonçalvesfD.Haas eghl.KowarikdeA.C.LuzfJ.NiemeläiM.Santos-ReisfK.F.WiersumaUrban Forestry & Urban Greening Volume 40, April 2019, Pages 29-34

- + Visually pleasing
- + Generally stimulating
- + Sense of belonging
- + Greater security
- + Better environmental quality
- + Feeling of freedom

- + Greater community organization
- + Sense of pride and volunteerism
- + Perpetuation of integrity and values
- + Less need for municipal control
- + Self-managing

#### THE BENEFITS OF **GREAT PLACES**

Creates

Nurtures & Defines Sense of Community

PLACE

Builds & Supports the Local Economy

Promotes Health

Improved Accessibility

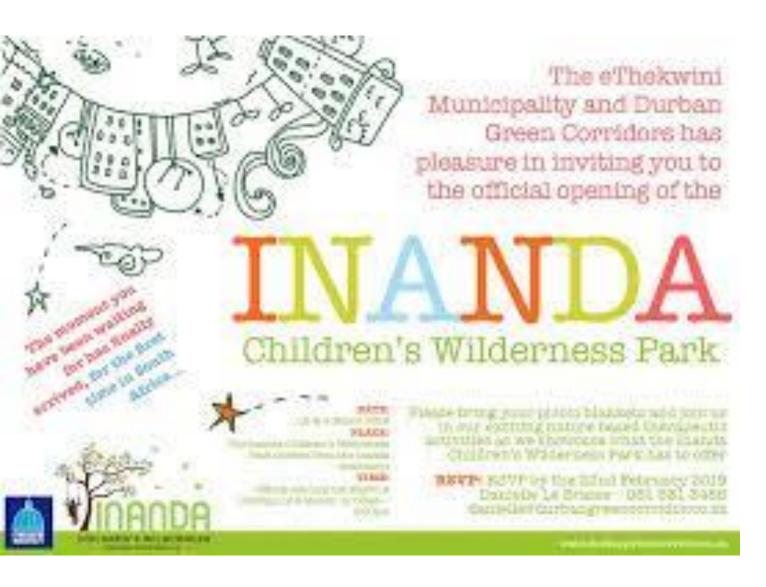
- + Increased physical activity
- + Access to fresh food
- + Greater security
- + Greater social inclusion
- + Enhanced environmental health

- + More walkable
- + Safe for pedestrians and bicyclists
- + Compatible with public transit
- + Reduces need for cars and parking
- + More efficient use of time and money
- + Greater connections between uses

- + Small-scale entrepreneurship
- + Economic development
- + Higher real estate values
- + Local ownership, local value
  - + More desirable jobs
  - + Greater tax revenue
  - + Less need for municipal services

- + Improves sociability
- + More cultural exposure, interaction
- + Draws a diverse population
- + More women, elderly, children
- + Greater ethnic/cultural pluralism
- + Encourages community creativity

## Examples of place-centred greenspace innovations



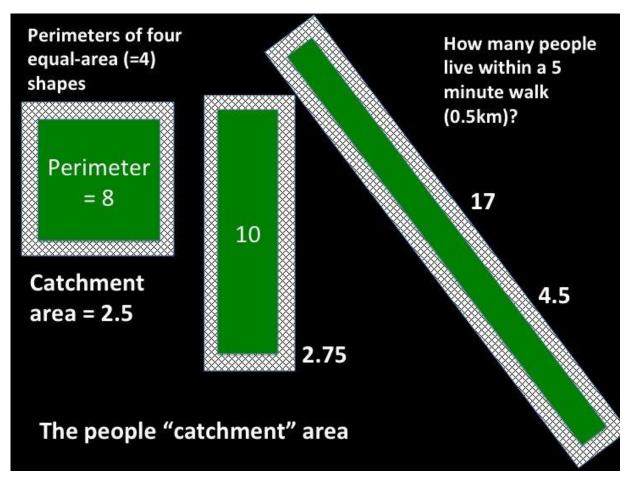




Linear Parks: The Importance of a Balanced, Cross-Disciplinary Design

Ana Faggi, Buenos Aires. Claudia Zuleyka Vidal, Cali. Florencia Gustelar, Buenos Aires. Romina Lopez, Buenos Aires. 18 January 2017

## The case for linear parks



People catchment area. Four equally sized parks have dramatically different perimeters because of their shapes. The long and skinny park is within 1/2 km of almost twice as many people as the square park.

Image: David Maddox

Justice and Geometry in the Form of Linear Parks
David Maddox, New York. 18 April 2016
<a href="https://www.thenatureofcities.com/2016/04/18/justice-and-geometry-in-the-form-of-linear-parks/">https://www.thenatureofcities.com/2016/04/18/justice-and-geometry-in-the-form-of-linear-parks/</a>

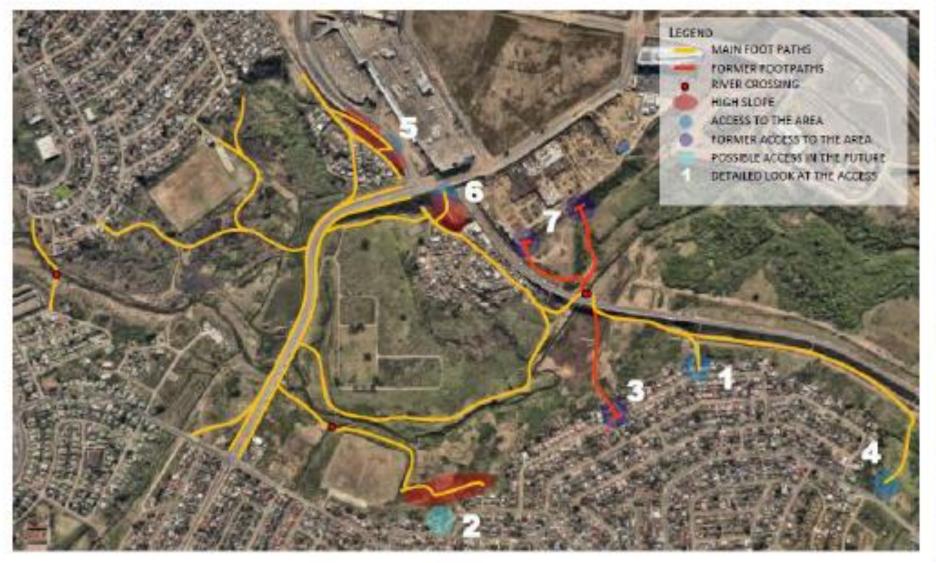
# Durban Metropolitan Open Space System (D'MOSS)

- D'MOSS is a system of
  - open spaces, comprising 94 000 hectares of land and water that incorporates areas of high biodiversity value linked together in a viable network of open spaces.
  - Some areas of **privately-owned land** are also included in D'MOSS.
  - D'MOSS is mapped by the Biodiversity Planning Branch of the Environmental Planning and Climate Protection Department (EPCPD) using the Systematic Conservation Planning approach which is recognised by National and Provincial environmental authorities as the accepted methodology for the prioritisation of areas for biodiversity and ecosystem service protection in South Africa
  - According to a World Bank report produced in 2017, natural and semi-natural systems within the eThekwini Municipal Area give rise to flows of ecosystem services worth at least R4.2 billion per year.
  - The total asset value of these areas was estimated to be at least R48-62 billion

#### **ETHEKWINI 5 YEAR NON-MOTORISED TRANSPORT PLAN**



#### NMT: footpath system and crossings





DETAILED EXTRACT OF THE FOOTPATH SYSTEM TO BRIDGE CITY

# The case for trail running as an urban greenspace activator

- Eco-sports e.g. trail running is beginning to demonstrate the value of developing urban trail networks in South African cities.
- Potential environmental psychology of trail running and its place attachment to specific green spaces.
- Case examples Riverside Trail
   (Virginia Bush) and Stella Athletic
   Club (Glenwood public green spaces)





### Upper Gardens.....opportunities for connection



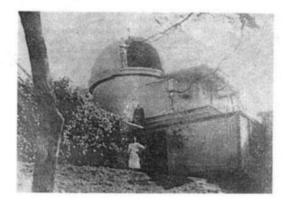


#### The Natal Observatory Land

In 1884 The Natal Observatory officially opened. The dome and 8 inch Grubb telescope had been erected specifically for the observation of the transit of Venus that year. Back then this was an event of particular significance as it allowed for the accurate measurement of the Earth's distance from the Sun. The land secured for the Observatory was then 2 acres of Lot A, Botanic Gardens 2602. Today this is 230 Currie Road. This land was officially transferred on the 7th of January 1884 from the Durban Botanic Society "unto the Colonial Secretary of Natal and the Surveyor General of Natal for the purposes of The Natal Observatory ". It is interesting to note that this property was never transferred at Union in 1910, as many properties were, and the original 1883 title deed still states that the land is owned by The Colony of Natal. (See Appendix A.) The Natal Observatory was not an entity in the form of a company or society with only a single, ill-funded astronomer, no such organisation existed in this period. The provision was rather an expressed purpose for this site. The land was specificallysold for zero pounds by the Botanic Society for the purposes of an observatory.



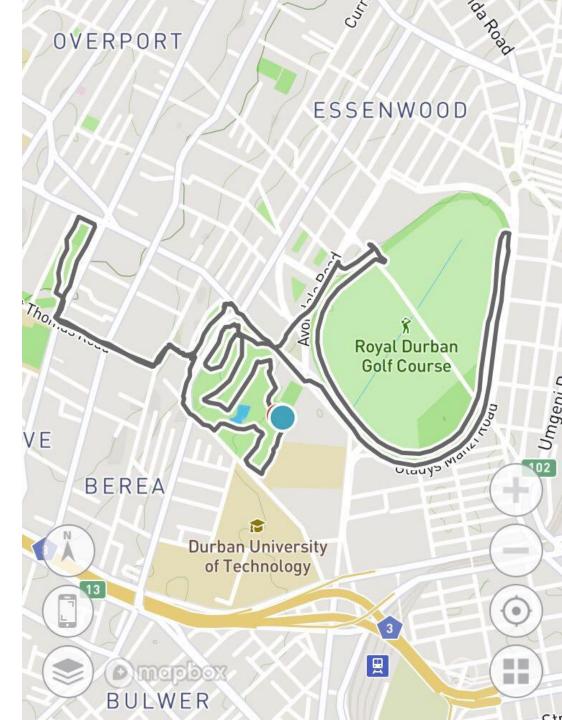
Photographs of the Observatory and 8 inch Grubb telescope.



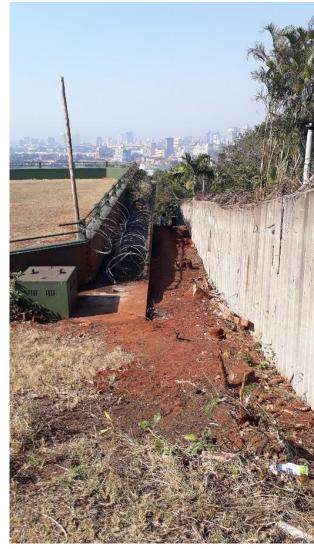
### **Urban Trail Network - phase 1**

• Botanic Gardens – Currie Road - Berea Park















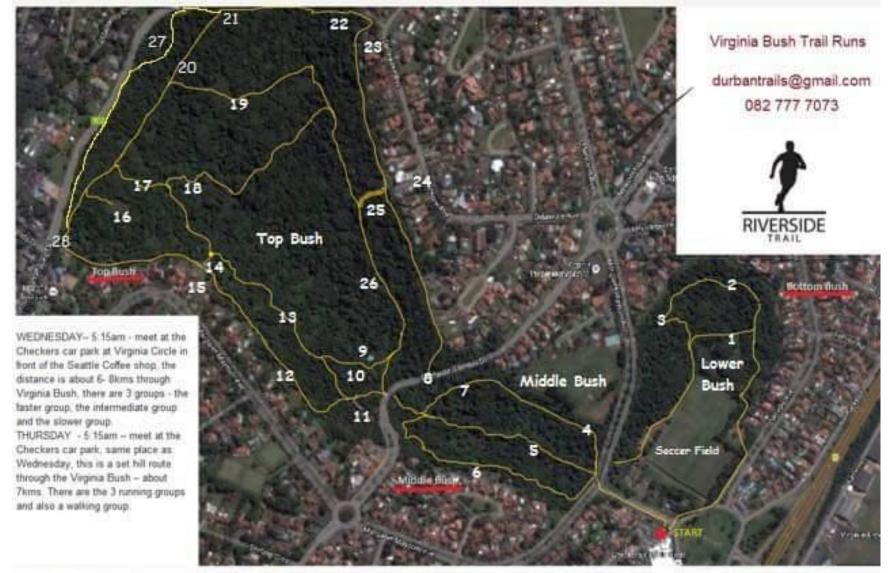
### Riverside Trail case example



BLITZING his way to an incredible finish, Eric Ngubane showed his fine form in his final event of the year as he claimed top honours in the uMhlanga Trail Run on Sunday 18 • December at the uMhlanga Summer Festival. <a href="https://www.news24.com/SouthAfrica/Local/Hillcrest-Fever/hillcrest-star-takes-umhlanga-trail-run-2016-20161219">https://www.news24.com/SouthAfrica/Local/Hillcrest-Fever/hillcrest-star-takes-umhlanga-trail-run-2016-20161219</a>



- Initiated by Buzz Bolton in 2010
- Inspired by the Rhodes Run (52km)
- Runs every Wednesday,
  Thursday and Saturday
  mornings from Seattle Coffee at
  Virginia Circle, Durban North, at
  5:15 am (Virginia Bush and
  surrounds).
  - See Riverside Trail Facebook page.



- · 1. Lower Path
  - 2. Upper Path
  - 3. Ankle Alley
  - 4. Northern Side
- 5. Middle Path
- 6. Southern Side

- 7. Malcolm's Bridge
- 8. Base Camp 1
- 9. Froggy Pond
- 10. Knobbly Tree
- 11. Administration Office
- 12. Grassy Verge

- 13.Up Left
- 14. Big Hole
- 15. Hydroponic House
- 16. Secret Spot
- 17. Wasp Alley
- 18. Magic Tree Stairs

- 19. Base Camp 4
- 20. Staircase
- 21. Top Gate
- 22. Barking Dogs
- 23. Everest
- 24. Graffiti Wall

- 25. Secret Path
- 26. Fallen Tree
- 27. Slippery Bridge
- 28. K2 Gate



# City's Burman Bush intervention welcomed

THE news the City has allocated around R5-million to replace the damaged fencing around Burman Bush Nature Reserve has been welcomed by Glenashley resident, Buzz Bolton.

Speaking to Northglen News last week, Bolton encouraged walkers and trail runners to make use of Durban's reserves including Virginia Bush Nature Reserve and not to be deterred by criminals.

Bolton along with several members of the Riverside Trail group recently ran through Burman Bush stating it was their first run in the reserve since the murder of the former KZN philharmonic musician, Simon Milliken.

Milliken's death was the third murder at the reserve in the last four years.

The Riverside Trail group have used Burman Bush for their social runs regularly and Bolton has urged users of the reserve not to let the possible danger deter them.

"Since Simon's passing, walking and running in Burman Bush has naturally become limited. It is encouraging to hear that new and secure fencing will be erected around Burman Bush. I've heard the City have posted security personnel there and runners and walkers need to sign



Christian Dlamini (ranger for the Natural Resources Unit) and Buzz Bolton urge residents to make use of Burman Bush Nature Reserve in Morningside and not be deterred by crime in the area.

in and sign out. I would like for them to go one further and give the number of the security officer to all who visit the reserve.

"We recently enjoyed another run from the main entrance to the lookout platform. We are however always conscious of security and use the belief that there is safety in numbers. The yard stick rule followed is that there must be no less than five persons with the majority being males. The other bit of advice we'd offer is to stick to the trail," he said.

Bolton also urged residents to make use of Virginia Bush Nature Reserve,







• All funds raised are ploughed back into Krantzkloof Nature Reserve. Funds from the 2018 run were used mainly to upgrade the parking area at the Kloof Falls Picnic Site and for trail repairs.



# Kwa-Ximba Trail Run - For nature

 This is the only source of income for the Kwa-Ximba Conservancy. All funds raised will be used to employ workers to maintain paths for hiking and nature walks as well as for promotional activities and projects of the conservancy.

https://www.kloofconservancy.org.za/trail-running/kwa-ximba-trail-run/







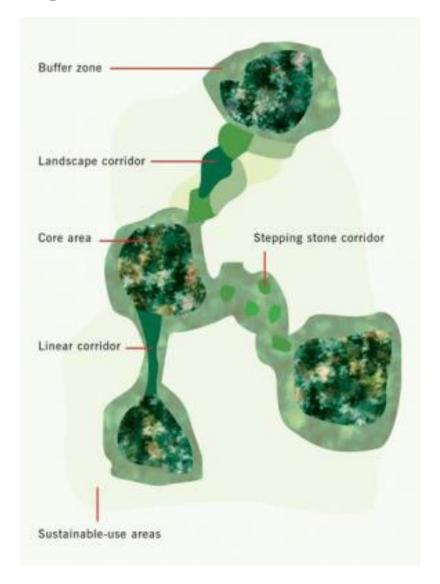
Fund raiser for Riverside Trails and looking after Virginia Bush







### Verges & sidewalks: Roadside Ecological Networks



Ecological networks consist of core areas, corridors and buffer zones. Corridors create a permanent connection between core areas. http://www.sicirec.org/definitions/corridors



## Manor Gardens Primary eco-verge





# Developing park identity & green side walk connections

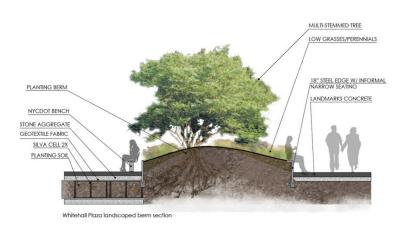
#### Meyrick Park, Glenwood (#21 on the map)

Meyrick Park has a children's play area with swings, roundabouts and see-saws, and thanks to its position high up on the ridge provides a beautiful view over the Durban Harbour.

#### **Bulwer Park, Glenwood (#23 on the map)**

Bulwer Park provides a multi-functional hub that brings Glenwood residents together.

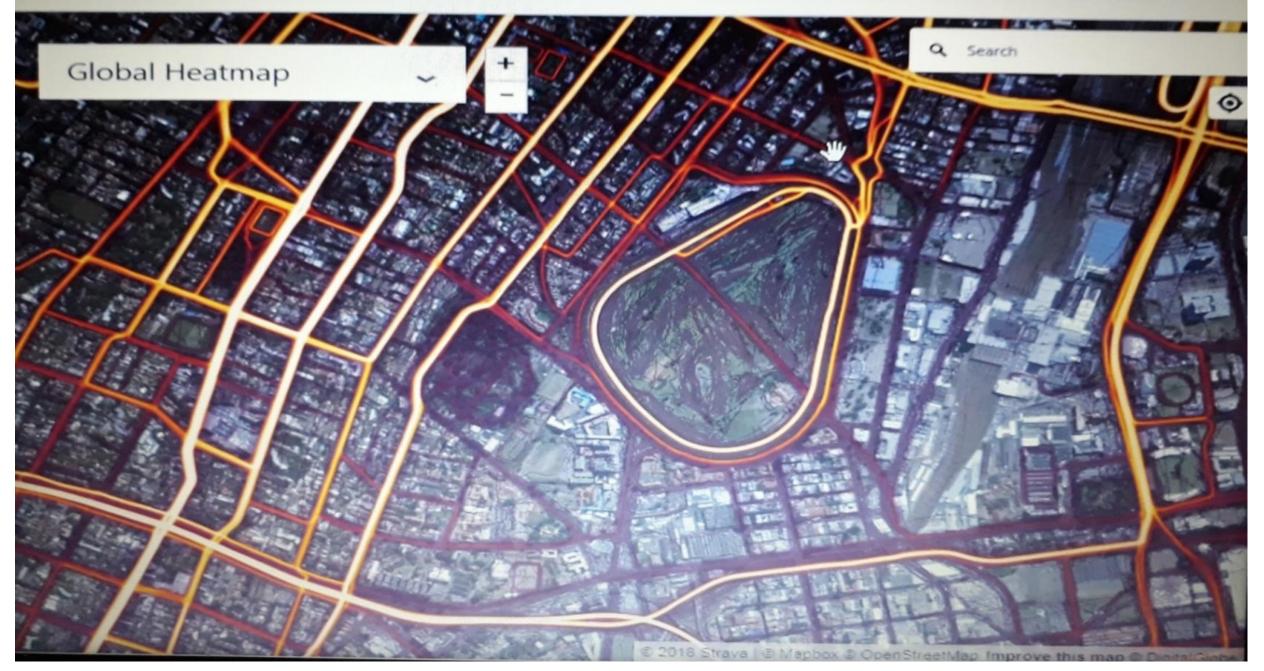
https://bereamail.co.za/169122/enjoy-parks-on-the-berea/

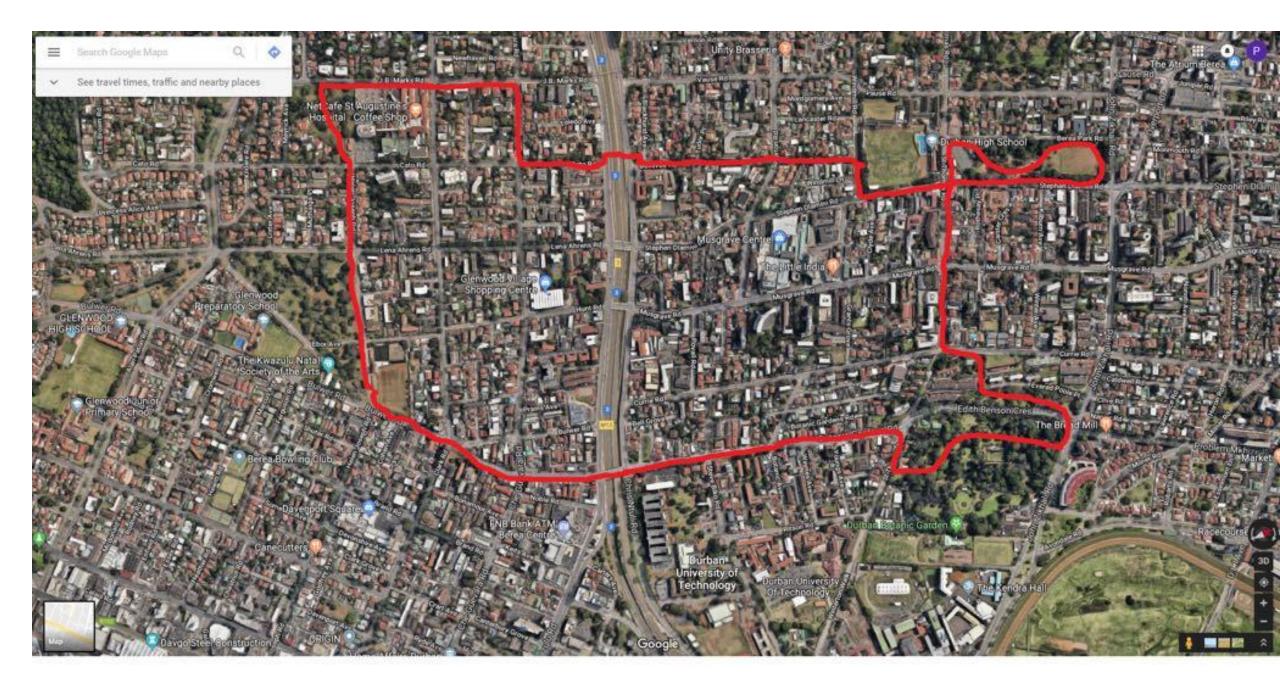


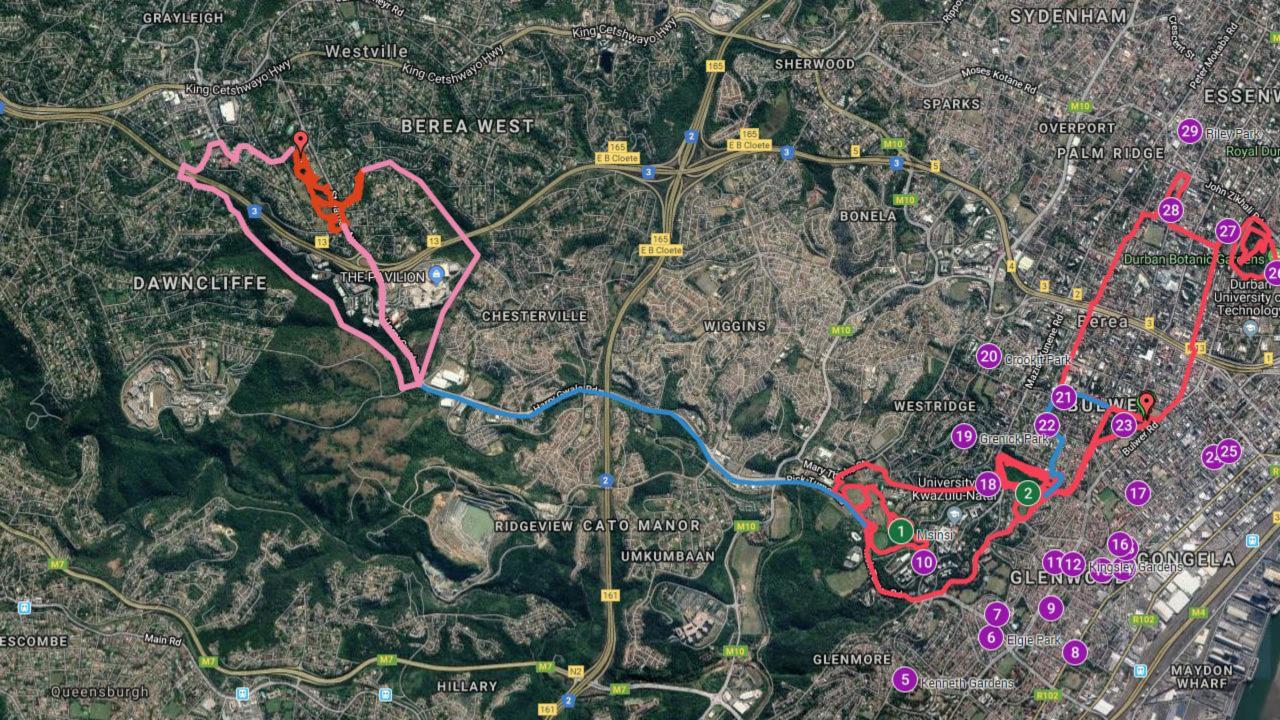












# Why Urban Trail Networks?

- Help revitalise public green space (connectivity & walkability)
- Linear park concept (linking multiple & various urban public spaces)
- Integrate hardened surfaces (sidewalks etc.) with park and urban conservation nodes
- Opportunity to rethink the value of verges, sidewalks & servitudes (improved green design esp. Sustainable Urban Drainage Systems (SuDs)
- Redefine what parks and public greenspaces mean for people
- Partnerships through complimentary active use e.g. sports (trail running/cycling community etc.) conservation (conservancies) etc.

